

A program of **CLIMATE ACTION EVANSTON** 

#### Edible Evanston's Vision:

Inspiring and supporting a culture of sustainable food growing and sharing throughout the Evanston community

# Maintaining your Garden

New Gardeners Class Series

July 2025

## **Upcoming Events**

- Food Forest Workdays
  - Every Saturday 10-12 Eggleston Park
- Repair Cafe
  - August 9: 10-1 Main Library
- Harvest Festival
  - September 27: Eggleston Park
- Final New Gardener Class
  - October 23: 6-7:30 Robert Crown Library



# How's it going for you?





## What we're covering

- Watering
- Weeding
- Pruning
- Pests and Disease



## Watering

#### When?

- linch a week- tuna can tip
- Check the soil- up to your first knuckle
- Plant signals in morning
- When you can! but morning or evening is ideal

#### How?

- Deep and infrequent
- Wet the soil, not the plant (mulching)





### Weeds

#### What is a weed?

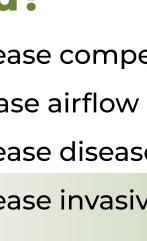
Any plant where you don't want it

## **Types of weeds**

Perennial vs annual

## Why do we need to weed?

- Decrease competition
- Increase airflow
- Decrease disease and pest opportunity





## **How to Weed**



#### Perennial

- Try to get the root out
- Solarize
- Smother

#### **Annual**

- pulling
- cutting at the ground level
- don't let it bloom or go to seed

#### Additional options

- Chemicals (toxic or nontoxic)
- Tilling
- Propane weed burner





## **Pruning**

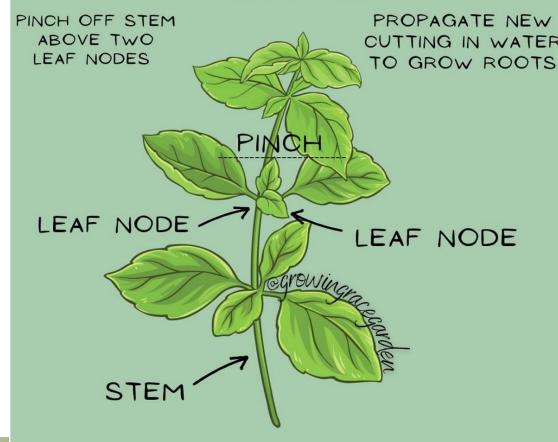
## Why?

- Create more airflow
- Control plant growth
- Control ripening
- Remove diseased materials

#### How?

- Clean, sharp clippers or tool
- Clean between plants
- Cut above a leaf intersection to not leave a stub

## HOW TO PRUNE BASIL





## **Pests and Disease Management**

## Disease and Pest Triangle:

- Organism (the Bad Guy)
- Host plant (Your Beloved Plant)
- Environment (favoring the Bad Guy of YBP)
  - Pruning
  - Mulching
  - Proper watering
  - Strong, healthy plants



The best treatment is prevention!



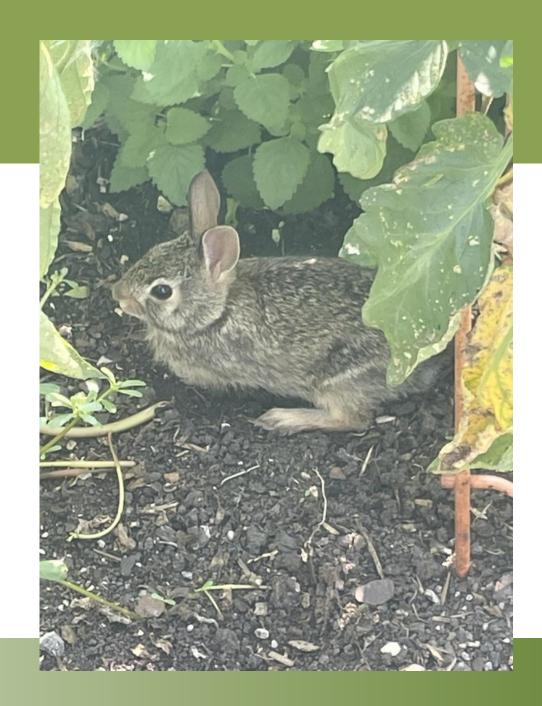
## **Pests and Diseases**

#### **Pests**

- Animals
- insects
- ... people

#### **Diseases**

- Bacterial
- Viral
- Fungal





## **Common Pests**

#### Animals

- Mammals
- Birds

#### Invertebrates

- Chewing
- Sucking
- Boring



#### Management

- Barriers
  - fencing
  - o row cover
  - diatomaceous earth
- Traps
- Hand picking (ew)
- Sprays



## **Common Diseases**



#### 85% of all plant diseases are fungal

- Blight on cucumbers (F)
- Verticillium wilt on tomatoes (F)
- Powdery mildew (F)
- Early or late blight on tomatoes

\*Prevent fungal diseases through good garden hygiene



#### What to do now that there is a disease?

Identify the disease-use apps, Google Lens, Picture This, or other sources like books-especially if you want to try to treat it with chemicals

- Remove diseased parts, or the whole plant
- Treat with appropriate intervention (repeat)
- Do nothing and accept some damage

Put diseased material in Yard Waste or Trash\* Grow resistant varieties next year\*\*



## Q&A

